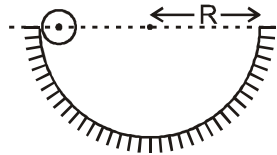


Topics : Heat, Work, Power and Energy, Rotation, Elasticity, Current Electricity

Type of Questions

Type of Questions	M.M., Min.
Single choice Objective ('-1' negative marking) Q.1 to Q.3	(3 marks, 3 min.) [9, 9]
Multiple choice objective ('-1' negative marking) Q.4 to Q.5	(4 marks, 4 min.) [8, 8]
Comprehension ('-1' negative marking) Q.6 to Q.8	(3 marks, 3 min.) [9, 9]

- The energy radiated per unit area per sec. by a spherical black body will be doubled if its
 - (A) radius is increased by nearly 41.5%
 - (B) radius is doubled
 - (C) temp. (T) is increased by nearly 41.5%
 - (D) T is increased by nearly 19%.
- A body of mass 6 kg is acted upon by a force which causes a displacement in it given by $x = \frac{t^2}{4}$ metre where t is the time in second. The work done by the force is 2 seconds is:
 - (A) 12 J
 - (B) 9 J
 - (C) 6 J
 - (D) 3 J
- In the figure shown, a small ball of mass 'm' can move without sliding in a fixed semicircular track of radius R in vertical plane. It is released from the top. The resultant force on the ball at the lowest point of the track is



- (A) $\frac{10mg}{7}$
 - (B) $\frac{17mg}{7}$
 - (C) $\frac{3mg}{7}$
 - (D) zero
- An elastic rod will change its length, if
 - (A) the rod is suspended at one end
 - (B) The rod is allowed to fall freely under gravity
 - (C) the rod is rotated about one end on a frictionless horizontal table
 - (D) the rod is given a horizontal acceleration by a force applied at one end
 - A charged particle X moves directly towards another charged particle Y. For the 'X + Y' system, the total momentum is p and the total energy is E.
 - (A) p & E are conserved if both X & Y are free to move
 - (B) (A) is true only if X and Y have similar charges
 - (C) If Y is fixed, E is conserved but not p
 - (D) If Y is fixed, neither E nor p is conserved.

COMPREHENSION

Resistance value of an unknown resistor is calculated using the formula $R = \frac{V}{I}$ where V and I be the readings of the voltmeter and the ammeter respectively. Consider the circuits below. The internal resistances of the voltmeter and the ammeter (R_V and R_G respectively) are finite and non zero.

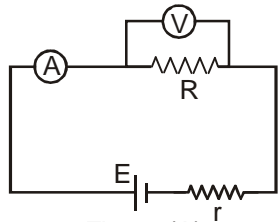


Figure (A)

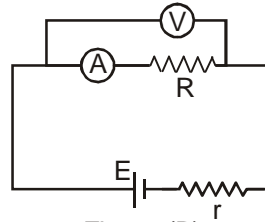


Figure (B)

Let R_A and R_B be the calculated values in the two cases A and B respectively.

6. The relation between R_A and the actual value R is
 (A) $R > R_A$ (B) $R < R_A$
 (C) $R = R_A$ (D) dependent upon E and r .
7. The relation between R_B and the actual value R is :
 (A) $R < R_B$ (B) $R > R_B$
 (C) $R = R_B$ (D) dependent upon E and r .
8. If the resistance of voltmeter is $R_V = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ and that of ammeter is $R_G = 1 \Omega$, the magnitude of the percentage error in the measurement of R (the value of R is nearly 10Ω) is :
 (A) zero in both cases (B) non zero but equal in both cases
 (C) more in circuit A (D) more in circuit B

Answers Key

1. (D) 2. (D) 3. (A) 4. (A) (C) (D)
 5. (A) (C) 6. (A) 7. (A) 8. (D)



Hints & Solutions

2. The velocity of the body a time t is given by

$$v = \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{t^2}{4} \right) = \frac{t}{2}$$

\therefore At $t=0$, $v = u = 0$ and $t=2$ s, $v = 1 \text{ ms}^{-1}$, Now,
work done = increase in KE

$$= \frac{1}{2}mv^2 - \frac{1}{2}mu^2 = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 - 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times (1)^2 = 3\text{J},$$

Hence the correct choice is (d).

3. From conservation of energy, the kinetic energy of ball at lowest portion is (v_c = speed of centre of ball)

$$\frac{1}{2}mv_c^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{5}mv_c^2 = mgR$$

$$\text{or } \frac{7}{10}mv_c^2 = mgR$$

Since net tangential force on sphere at lowest point is zero, net force on sphere at lowest position is

$$= \frac{mv_c^2}{R} = \frac{10}{7}mg \text{ upwards.}$$

6. $R_A = \frac{R \cdot R_V}{R + R_V} < R$

7. $R_B = R + R_G > R$

8. % error in case A.

$$\frac{R_A - R}{R} \times 100 = \left(\frac{R_V}{R + R_V} - 1 \right) \times 100$$

$$= \frac{-R}{R + R_V} \times 100 \approx -1\%$$

% error in case B

$$\frac{R_B - R}{R} \times 100 = \frac{R_G}{R} \times 100 \approx 10\%$$

Hence percentage error in circuit B is more than

